

Help stop this insect from spreading. It is required by law.

The gypsy moth lays its eggs in hidden places, which makes human assisted movement easy. If you move firewood or other household items stored outdoors, you could unknowingly help the gypsy moth spread great distances and into new areas.

Follow these simple guidelines after visiting a gypsy moth quarantined area to prevent gypsy moth from hitching a ride:

- Do not move firewood buy it where you will burn it! Firewood can move many insects and diseases, like gypsy moths. Moving it puts our native and urban forests at risk.
- Thoroughly inspect all items that have been outdoors. Take special care to inspect all surfaces, cracks, and crevices.
- Remove and destroy all gypsy moth egg masses before leaving infested areas. Egg masses can be scraped off with a credit card or stiff brush. Place gypsy moth life stages into a sealed container and dispose of them in the garbage.

Report suspect



Egg masses found on picnic table.

gypsy moths to: www.mda.state.mn.us/arrestthepest 888-545-6684

What to look for

The gypsy moth has one generation per year. In the late summer, female moths lay egg masses on any hard surface, often in concealed locations. Human assisted movement of egg masses can help gypsy moth move large distances and spread into previously uninfested areas.

Gypsy moth life stages

Egg mass

Females lay one fuzzy, tan-colored egg mass on any available outdoor surface in August-October.

- Can be irregularly shaped
- About the size of a quarter
- Contains 500-1000 eggs
- Remains in this stage throughout winter and hatches the following spring

Caterpillar (larva)

- Has five pairs of blue spots and six pairs of rusty red spots
- Can grow up to 2½ inches in length
- Feeds for 5-6 weeks during June-August
- Hides in sheltered locations during the day

Pupa (cocoon)

- Dark, reddish-brown immobile stage
- Can be found July-September
- Attaches themselves to a vertical surface with strands of silk

Adult (moth)

Emerge August-October and live about two weeks

Male

- Brownish-grey appearance similar to many other local moths
- Flies during the day
- Not attracted to light

Female

- Cream with brown, jagged markings on wings
- Cannot fly
- Attract males through pheromones
- Produces one egg mass and dies

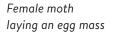


A mated female lays one egg mass just days after emerging from her pupal case

Egg mass with newly hatched caterpillars

Late stage caterpillar

Pupa (cocoon)



SELF-INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Before leaving a gypsy moth quarantined area, it is required by law to inspect all items used or stored outside for gypsy moth life stages. Use this checklist and keep it with inspected items when moving them out of guarantined counties.

Campers

Seasonal Visitors

□ Birdbaths, bird

tillers

shelters

□ Trash cans

feeders, bug lights

lawn mowers, garden

 \Box Lawn decorations,

Picnic tables, patio furniture, decking

□ Screen tents, shade

 \Box Swing sets, swimming

pools, sand boxes

□ Trees, shrubs, plants,

plant containers

□ ATVs, OHVs, RVs, golf carts, vehicles,

snow mobiles

□ Wheelbarrows,

carts, trailers

□ Any item stored

outdoors

- \Box Backpacks
- □ Barbecue grills, propane tanks
- □ Bicycles, bike carts, wagons
- Boats, trailers, canoes, kayaks, paddle boards, life jackets
- Coolers (ice chests), lawn chairs
- □ Fishing tackle boxes, waders, or boots
- Kids toys (like trucks or sand molds)
- Pet carriers
- $\hfill\square$ Sports equipment
- \Box Table cloths, tarps
- $\hfill\square$ RVs, campers, tents
- $\hfill\square$ Vechicles, motorcycles
- Wash tubs/buckets, water hoses
- □ Any items stored outdoors

Origination Property Address _____



Gypsy moth caterpillars can eat all the leaves in the canopy of a forest.

You can help ...

Do not bring gypsy moths to your backyard!

Report suspect gypsy moth life stages to: mda.state.mn.us/arrestthepest 888-545-6684



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, this information is available in alternative forms of communication upon request by calling 651-201-6000. TTY users can call the Minnesota Relay Service at 711. The MDA is an equal opportunity employer and provider.

Guide to Visiting a GYPSY MOTH QUARANTINED AREA

Complete the self-inspection checklist inside

G ypsy moths are one of the most destructive pests to ever be introduced into the United States. Now they are here in Minnesota's Cook and Lake counties!

Gypsy moth caterpillars love to eat. Their menu includes over 300 different species of trees and shrubs. The caterpillars will defoliate and weaken trees in our forests and cities. Repeated defoliation can kill trees already stressed by drought, diseases, or other pests.

The gypsy moth's range now extends westward into Minnesota and much of Wisconsin. Cook and Lake counties in Minnesota's Arrowhead Region have been quarantined for gypsy moth since 2014.

By signing my name below, I affirm that I have inspected
all outdoor household articles, whether included on
this checklist or not, for all life stages of gypsy moth in
accordance with the procedures on this brochure, as
required by The State of Minnesota Gypsy Moth Quarantine.

Signature _____

Printed name _____

Date Phone