

## Minimum Standards for Retail Establishments Processing Wild Game

This document provides direction for retail establishments processing hunter harvested wild game on the basic requirements for wild game processing. These standards are not all-inclusive of the current retail or custom exempt processing requirements; however, they will provide the foundation for inspections performed in Retail Establishments that process wild game for their customers. These standards are only intended to address wild game activities and should not be construed to apply to retail, "Equal To" or other activities where product is processed for sale.

## Equipment, Facilities and Employee Hygiene

9 CFR 416.3-416.5; M.S. 31A.15

Employees processing wild game products must adhere to hygienic practices to prevent the contamination of products. This includes wearing clean and proper attire during processing and other operations.

Equipment and facilities used for wild game processing must be clean, and well maintained. Specific considerations include the following:

Thorough cleaning and sanitizing of all facilities and equipment <u>after</u> any wild game processing and before the equipment is used for preparing any products for sale, i.e. Inspected (USDA, or MN Equal to) or Retail products.
Equipment is clean and sanitized prior to the start of daily meat production.
If equipment is used for Retail or Inspected products in the beginning of the day and then used for wild game products at the end of the day, the equipment does not need to be cleaned prior to wild game processing.

Separating Wild Game Products and Processing Activities from Retail or Inspected Products 9 CFR 303.1(a)(2)(ii),(iv); M.S. 31A.15

Wild game processing must be adequately separated from all other products for sale. This includes, at a minimum, the following:

Reeping all wild game products separate from any retail and/or inspected product at all times, including
processing and storage.
Clearly identifying all wild game products during all stages of processing, cooling, packaging, freezing,
storage, and shipment. Each batch of wild game product being ground, chopped, mixed, or cut up must
be identified by using a tag or other approved device placed directly on the product or the container,
table, shelf, or equipment holding such product.

**Please Note:** Commingling of fat and meat trimmings from <u>wild game</u> for sausage production is allowed when disclosed to the owners involved and when they have accepted the commingling. The proportionate distribution of product from the commingled trimmings must also be acceptable to the owners of the wild game as indicated on records. All commingled processed product must be clearly marked "Not for Sale."



## Identification and Recordkeeping for Wild Game Carcasses, Parts and Products

9 CFR 303.1(a)(2)(ii)(iii); 9 CFR 303.1(b)(3); 9 CFR 320; 316.16; M.S. 31A.15; M.S. 97A.505.4

Wild game products must be accurately and legibly labeled and identified throughout the process; this includes, at a minimum, the following:

Recording the name, address and license number of the hunter upon receipt of the carcass or wild game
parts
Legibly marking wild game products as "Not for Sale"; this wording may be directly on the product packaging, a tag or card securely attached to the meat, the immediate container, or paper wrapping the meat

## Cooking or Smoking of Wild Game Products

9 CFR 303.1(b)(1); M.S. 34A.02 subd.8

Wild Game processors that cook product must heat the product to a time and temperature combination sufficient to kill pathogens and ensure products are safe and wholesome. The specific requirements for these activities include:

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	Recording cooking temperatures and times for every batch of product produced on a handwritten log, chart recorder, data logger or other means;	
	Reprocessing or discarding products that do not meet cooking or smoking temperatures necessary to kil pathogens; and	
	Using a time and temperature combination to ensure pathogen destruction. Most wild game facilities will use a time and temperature combinations found in USDA FSIS Appendix A. The MN Food Code and other regulatory or peer reviewed scientific documents are other options.	

For more information please contact Minnesota Department of Agriculture-Dairy and Meat Inspection Division at 651-201-6300, MDA.meatpoultryegg@state.mn.us or visit their website at www.mda.state.mn.us